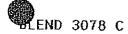
Ashland



Page 004
Date Prepared: 08/03/99
Date Printed: 01/08/01
MSDS No: 301.0293236-004.002

Extinguishing Media regular foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical.

Fire Fighting Instructions

Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece operated in the positive pressure demand mode with appropriate turn-out gear and chemical resistant personal protective equipment. Refer to the personal protective equipment section of this MSDS.

NFPA Rating Not determined

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Small Spill
Absorb liquid on vermiculite, floor absorbent or other absorbent material.

Eliminate all ignition sources (flares, flames including pilot lights, electrical sparks). Persons not wearing protective equipment should be excluded from area of spill until clean-up has been completed. Stop spill at source. Prevent from entering drains, sewers, streams or other bodies of water. Prevent from spreading. If runoff occurs, notify authorities as required. Pump or vacuum transfer spilled product to clean containers for recovery. Absorb unrecoverable product. Transfer contaminated absorbent, soil and other materials to containers for disposal. Prevent run-off to sewers, streams or other bodies of water. If run-off occurs, notify proper authorities as required, that a spill has occurred.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Containers of this material may be hazardous when emptied. Since emptied containers retain product residues (vapor, liquid, and/or solid), all hazard precautions given in the data sheet must be observed. All five-gallon pails and larger metal containers, including tank cars and tank trucks, should be grounded and/or bonded when material is transferred. Warning. Sudden release of hot organic chemical vapors or mists from process equipment operating at elevated temperature and pressure, or sudden ingress of air into vacuum equipment, may result in ignitions without the presence of obvious ignition sources. Published "autoignition" or "ignition" temperature values cannot be treated as safe operating temperatures in chemical processes without analysis of the actual process conditions. Any use of this product in elevated temperature processes should be thoroughly evaluated to establish and maintain safe operating conditions.

81 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Eye Protection

Chemical splash goggles in compliance with OSHA regulations are advised; however, OSHA regulations also permit other type safety glasses. Consult your safety representative.

Ashland

Date Prepared: 08/03/99 Date Printed: 01/08/01

MSDS No: 301.0293236-004.002

BLEND 3078 C

Skin Protection

Wear resistant gloves (consult your safety equipment supplier)., To prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact, wear impervious clothing and boots...

Respiratory Protections

If workplace exposure limit(s) of product or any component is exceeded (see exposure guidelines), a NIOSH/MSHA approved air supplied respirator is advised in absence of proper environmental control. OSHA regulations also permit other NIOSH/MSHA respirators (negative pressure type) under specified conditions (see your industrial hygienist). Engineering or administrative controls should be implemented to reduce exposure.

Engineering Controls

Provide sufficient mechanical (general and/or local exhaust) ventilation to maintain exposure below TLV(s).

Exposure Guidelines Component

ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBONS (STODDARD TYPE) (8052-41-3)
OSHA PEL 500.000 ppm - TWA
OSHA VPEL 100.000 ppm - TWA
ACGIH TLV 100.000 ppm - TWA

AROMATIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES (64742-95-6) No exposure limits established

ALIPHATIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES (64742-89-8) No exposure limits established

ISOPROPANOL (67-63-0)
OSHA PEL 400.000 ppm - TWA
OSHA VPEL 400.000 ppm - TWA
OSHA VPEL 500.000 ppm - STEL
ACGIH TLV 400.000 ppm - TWA
ACGIH TLV 500.000 ppm - STEL

ACETONE (67-64-1)
OSHA PEL 1000.000 ppm - .TWA .
OSHA VPEL 750.000 ppm - TWA OSHA VPEL 1000.000 ppm - STEL ACGIH TLV 500.000 ppm - TWA ACGIH TLV 750.000 ppm - STEL

1.2.4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE (95-63-6) No exposure limits established

1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE (108-67-8) No exposure limits established

XYLENE (1330-20-7)
OSHA PEL 100.000 ppm - TWA
OSHA YPEL 100.000 ppm - TWA OSHA VPEL 150.000 ppm - STEL ACGIH TLV 150.000 ppm - TWA ACGIH TLV 150.000 ppm - STEL

Ashland



Page 006
Date Prepared: 08/03/99
Date Printed: 01/08/01
MSDS No: 301.0293236-004.002

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point (for component) 133.0 F (56.1 C) @ 760 mmHg

Vapor Pressure (for component) 185.000 mmHg @ 68.00 F

Specific Vapor Density > 1.000 @ AIR=1

Specific Gravity .793 @ 77.00 F

Liquid Density 6.600 lbs/gal @ 77.00 F .793 kg/l @ 25.00 C

Percent Volatiles

Evaporation Rate SLOWER THAN ETHYL ETHER

Appearance No data

State LIQUID

Physical Form HOMOGENEOUS SOLUTION

Color No data

Odor No data

pH Not applicable

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Hazardous Polymerization
Product will not undergo hazardous polymerization.

Hazardous Decomposition
May form: carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide, various hydrocarbons.

Chemical Stability
Stable

Ashland

Date Prepared: 08/03/99 Date Printed: 01/08/01

MSDS No: 301.0293236-004.002

BLEND 3078 C

Incompatibility
 Avoid contact with: acetaldehyde, acids, chlorine, ethylene oxide, isocyanates
 strong oxidizing agents, Do not use with aluminum equipment at temperatures
 above 120 degrees F..

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION 13.

Waste Management Information

Dispose of in accordance with all applicable local, state and federal regulations. For assistance with your waste management needs — including disposal, recycling and waste stream reduction, contact Ashland Distribution Company, IC&S Environmental Services Group at 800-637-7922.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Information - 49 CFR 172.101 DOT Description: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, 3, UN1263, II

Container/Mode:

55 GAL DRUM/TRUCK PACKAGE

NOS Component:

None

RQ (Reportable Quantity) - 49 CFR 172.101 Product Quantity (lbs) Component

11302

XYLENES (O-, M-, P- ISOMERS)

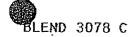
33382 ACETONE

REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulations
TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) Status

TSCA (UNITED STATES) The intentional ingredients of this product are listed.

Ashland



Page 008 Date Prepared: 08/03/99
Date Printed: 01/08/01
MSDS No: 301.0293236-004.002

CERCLA RQ - 40 CFR 302.4(a) Component

RQ (lbs)

ACETONE XYLENES (O-, M-, P- ISOMERS)

5000 1000

CERCLA RQ - 40 CFR 302.4(b)
Materials without a "listed" RQ may be reportable as an "unlisted hazardous substance". See 40 CFR 302.5 (b).

SARA 302 Components - 40 CFR 355 Appendix A

Pressure()

SARA 313 Components - 40 CFR 372.65 Section 313 Component(s)

. CAS Number

1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE XYLENE (MIXED ISOMERS)

95-63-6 4.00 1330-20-7 1 - 40

OSHA Process Safety Management 29 CFR 1910

EPA Accidental Release Prevention 40 CFR 68 None listed

ternational Regulations Inventory Status Not determined

State and Local Regulations
California Proposition 65
The following statement is made in order to comply with the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986: This product contains the following substance(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer. BENZENE

> The following statement is made in order to comply with the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986: This product contains the following substance(s) known to the state of California to cause reproductive harm. TOLUENE BENZENE

New Jersey RTK Label Information STODDARD SOLVENT 8052-41-3 NAPHTHA, SOLVENT ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL 64742-89-8 67-63-0 ACETONE 67-64-1 PSEUDOCUHENE 95-63-6 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE 108-67-8 1330-20-7

Ashland

Page 009
Date Prepared: 08/03/99
Date Printed: 01/08/01
MSDS No: 301.0293236-004.002

BLEND 3078 C

Pennsylvania RTK Label Information
STODDARD SOLVENT 8052-41-3
2-PROPANOL 67-63-0
2-PROPANONE 67-64-1
PSEUDOCUMENE 95-63-6
BENZENE, DIMETHYL- 1330-20-7

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be whether originating with the company or not. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances.

Last page

Ashland

ISOPROPANOL 99%

Page 001

Date Prepared: 03/06/02 Date Printed: 09/16/02 MSDS No: 999.0001444-009.001

CHEMICAL -PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Material Identity
Product Name: ISOPROPANOL 99%
SAP Material No: 3507000 615 00A General or Generic ID: ALCOHOL

Company

Ashland Ashland Distribution Co. & Ashland Specialty Chemical Co. P. O. Box 2219 Columbus, OH 43216 614~790~3333 Emergency Telephone Number: 1-800-ASHLAND (1-800-274-5263) 24 hours everyday

Regulatory Information Number: 1-800-325-3751

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient(s) CAS Number % (by weight) ISOPROPANOL 67-63-0 99.0-100.0

HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Potential Health Effects

Can cause eye irritation. Symptoms include stinging, tearing, redness, and swelling of eyes.

May cause mild skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry the skin. Symptoms may include redness, burning, drying and cracking of skin, and skin burns. Passage of this material into the body through the skin is possible, but it is unlikely that this would result in harmful effects during safe handling and use.

Swallowing

Swallowing small amounts of this material during normal handling is not likely to cause harmful effects. Swallowing large amounts may be harmful. This material can get into the lungs during swallowing or vomiting. This results in lung inflammation and other lung injury.

Inhalation

Breathing of vapor or mist is possible. Breathing small amounts of this material during normal handling is not likely to cause harmful effects. Breathing large amounts may be harmful. Symptoms usually occur at air concentrations higher than the recommended exposure limits (See Section 8).

Symptoms of Exposure

Signs and symptoms of exposure to this material through breathing, swallowing, and/or passage of the material through the skin may include: stomach or intestinal upset (nausea, vomiting, diarrhea), irritation (nose, throat, airways), central nervous system depression (dizziness, drowsiness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, unconsciousness), low blood pressure, mild, temporary changes in the liver, effects on heart rate, respiratory depression (slowing of the breathing rate), loss of coordination, confusion, lung edema (fluid buildup in the lung tissue), kidney damage, coma.

Ashland

Date Prepared: 03/06/02 Date Printed: 09/16/02 MSDS No: 999.0001444-009.001

ISOPROPANOL 99%



Target Organ Effects

Overexposure to this material (or its components) has been suggested as a cause of the following effects in laboratory animals: mild, reversible liver effects

Developmental Information

This material (or a component) has been shown to cause harm to the fetus in laboratory animal studies. Harm to the fetus occurs only at exposure levels that harm the pregnant animal. The relevance of these findings to humans is uncertain_

Cancer Information

Based on the available information, this material cannot be classified with regard to carcinogenicity. This material is not listed as a carcinogen by the International Agency for Research on Cancer, the National Toxicology Program, or the Occupational Safety and Health Administration:

Other Health Effects No data

Primary Route(s) of Entry

Inhalation, Skin absorption, Skin contact, Eye contact, Ingestion.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eyes

If symptoms develop, immediately move individual away from exposure and into fresh air. Flush eyes gently with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids apart; seek immediate medical attention.

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash exposed area with soap and water. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Launder clothing before reuse.

Swallowing

Seek medical attention. If individual is drowsy or unconscious, do not give anything by mouth; place individual on the left side with the head down. Contact a physician, medical facility, or poison control center for advice about whether to induce vomiting. If possible, do not leave individual unattended.

Inhalation

If symptoms develop, immediately move individual away from exposure and into fresh air. Seek immediate medical attention; keep person warm and quiet. It person is not breathing, begin artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen.

Note to Physicians

This material is an aspiration hazard. Potential danger from aspiration must be weighed against possible oral toxicity (See Section 3 - Swallowing) when deciding whether to induce vomiting. Preexisting disorders of the following organs (or organ systems) may be aggravated by exposure to this material: skin lung (for example, asthma-like conditions), kidney.

Ashland

ISOPROPANOL 99%

Page 003 Date Prepared: 03/06/02 Date Printed: 09/16/02 MSDS No: 999.0001444-009.001

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point

53.0 F (11.6

Explosive Limit
(for product) Lower 2.0 Upper 12.0

Autoignition Temperature 750.0 F (398.8 C

Hazardous Products of Combustion May form: carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide.

Fire and Explosion Hazards

Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground or may be moved by ventilation and ignited by pilot lights, other flames, sparks, heaters, smoking, electric motors, static discharge, or other ignition sources at locations distant from material handling point. Never use welding or cutting torch on or near drum (even empty) because product (even just residue) can

Extinguishing Media alcohol foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical.

Fire Fighting Instructions
Water may be ineffective. Water may be used to keep fire-exposed containers cool until fire is out. Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece operated in the positive pressure demand mode with appropriate turn-out gear and chemical resistant personal protective equipment. Refer to the personal protective equipment section of this MSDS.

NFPA Rating
Health - 1, Flammability - 3, Reactivity - 0

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES 6.

Small Spill

Absorb liquid on vermiculite, floor absorbent or other absorbent material.

Eliminate all ignition sources (flares, flames including pilot lights, electrical sparks). Persons not wearing protective equipment should be excluded from area of spill until clean-up has been completed. Stop spill at source. Prevent from entering drains, sewers, streams or other bodies of water. Prevent from spreading. If runoff occurs, notify authorities as required. Pump or vacuum transfer spilled product to clean containers for recovery. Absorb unrecoverable product. Transfer contaminated absorbent, soil and other materials to containers for disposal. Per good environmental management practices, prevent run-off to sewers, streams and other bodies of water. Stop spill at the source. Cover sewer grates and dike the spill. Absorb spilled material on to absorbents. Shovel materials into container. Close container tightly and dispose of properly. tightly and dispose of properly.

Ashland

Page 004 Date Prepared: 03/06/02 Date Printed: 09/16/02 MSDS No: 999.0001444-009.001

ISOPROPANOL 99%

HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Containers of this material may be hazardous when emptled. Since emptled containers retain product residues (vapor, liquid, and/or solid), all hazard precautions given in the data sheet must be observed. All five-gallon pails and larger metal containers, including tank cars and tank trucks, should be arounded and/or bonded when material is transferred. Warning. Sudden release and larger metal containers, including tank cars and tank trucks, should be grounded and/or bonded when material is transferred. Warning. Sudden release of hot organic chemical vapors or mists from process equipment operating at elevated temperature and pressure, or sudden ingress of air into vacuum equipment, may result in ignitions without the presence of obvious ignition sources. Published "autoignition" or "ignition" temperature values cannot be treated as safe operating temperatures in chemical processes without analysis of the actual process conditions. Any use of this product in elevated temperature processes should be thoroughly evaluated to establish and maintain safe operating conditions. safe operating conditions.

EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Eve Protection

Chemical splash goggles in compliance with OSHA regulations are advised; however, OSHA regulations also permit other type safety glasses. Consult your safety representative.

Skin Protection

Wear resistant gloves (consult your safety equipment supplier)., To prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact, wear impervious clothing and boots..

Respiratory Protections

If workplace exposure limit(s) of product or any component is exceeded (see exposure guidelines), a NIOSH/MSHA approved air supplied respirator is advised in absence of proper environmental control. OSHA regulations also permit other NIOSH/MSHA respirators (negative pressure type) under specified conditions (see your industrial hygienist). Engineering or administrative controls should be your industrial hygienist). En implemented to reduce exposure.

Engineering Controls

Provide sufficient mechanical (general and/or local exhaust) ventilation to maintain exposure below TLV(s).

Exposure Guidelines

Component

ISOPROPANOL (67-63-0) ISOPROPANDL (67-63-0)
OSHA PEL 400.000 ppm - TWA
OSHA VPEL 400.000 ppm - TWA
OSHA VPEL 500.000 ppm - STEL
ACGIH TLV 400.000 ppm - TWA
ACGIH TLV 500.000 ppm - STEL

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point
(for product) 180.0 F (82.2 C) @ 760 mmHg

Ashland



ISOPROPANOL 99%

Page 005
Date Prepared: 03/06/02
Date Printed: 09/16/02
MSDS No: 999.0001444-009.001

Vapor Pressure (for product) 33.000 mmHg @ 68.00 F

Specific Vapor Density 2.070 @ AIR=1

Specific Gravity · .789 @ 60.00 F

Liquid Density 6.550 lbs/gal @ 68.00 F .789 kg/l @ 15.60 C

Percent Volatiles

Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)
100.000 %
789.000 g/1
6.550 lbs/gal

Evaporation Rate 7.70 (ETHYL ETHER)

Appearance TRANSPARENT

State LIQUID

Physical Form

Color

CLEAR, PT-CO COLOR 10 MAX

SLIGHT ETHANOL/ACETONE-LIKE

No data
Viscosity

2.4 cps
Freezing Point
-128.0 F (-88.8 C

Molecular Weight

Solubility in Water

Octanol/Water Partitiion Coefficient 1.400

Ashland

Page 006
Date Prepared: 03/06/02
Date Printed: 09/16/02
MSDS No: 999.0001444-009.001

ISOPROPANOL 99%

Bulk Density .880 lbs/ft3

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Hazardous Polymerization
Product will not undergo hazardous polymerization.

Hazardous Decomposition
May form: carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide.

Chemical Stability Stable.

Incompatibility
 Avoid contact with: acetaldehyde, acids, chlorine, ethylene oxide, isocyanates
 strong oxidizing agents, Do not use with aluminum equipment at temperatures
 above 120 degrees F..

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

Waste Management Information

Dispose of in accordance with all applicable local, state and federal regulations. For assistance with your waste management needs — including disposal, recycling and waste stream reduction, contact Ashland Distribution Company, IC&S Environmental Services Group at 800-637-7922.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Information - 49 CFR 172.101 DOT Description: ISOPROPANOL, 3, UN1219, II

> Container/Mode: 55 GAL DRUM/TRUCK PACKAGE

NOS Component:

Ashland

Page 007 Page 007 Date Prepared: 03/06/02 Date Printed: 09/16/02 MSDS No: 999.0001444-009.001

ISOPROPANOL 99%

RQ (Reportable Quantity) - 49 CFR 172.101 Not applicable

Other Transportation Information The DOT Transport Information may vary with the container and mode of shipment.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulations
TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) Status
TSCA (UNITED STATES) The intentional ingredients of this product are listed.

CERCLA RQ - 40 CFR 302.4(a)
None listed

SARA 302 Components - 40 CFR 355 Appendix A

Section 311/312 Hazard Class - 40 CFR 370.2 Immediate(X) Delayed(X) Fire(X) Reactive() Sudden Release of Pressure (

SARA 313 Components - 40 CFR 372.65

OSHA Process Safety Management 29 CFR 1910 None listed

EPA Accidental Release Prevention 40 CFR 68 None listed

International Regulations
Inventory Status

ACOIN (AUSTRALIA) The intentional ingredients of this product are listed.
AICS (AUSTRALIA) The intentional ingredients of this product are listed.
CICS (CHINESE) The intentional ingredients of this product are listed.
BSL (CANADA) The intentional ingredients of this product are listed.
ECL (SOUTH KOREA) The intentional ingredients of this product are listed.
EINECS (EUROPE) The intentional ingredients of this product are listed.
ENCS (JAPAN) The intentional ingredients of this product are listed.
PICCS (PHILIPPINES) The intentional ingredients of this product are listed.
SWISS (SWITZERLAND) The intentional ingredients of this product are listed.

State and Local Regulations California Proposition 65 None

New Jersey RTK Label Information ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL

67-63-D

Pennsylvania RTK Label Information 2-PROPANOL

67~63-0

Ashland

Page 008
Date Prepared: 03/06/02
Date Printed: 09/16/02
MSDS No: 999.0001444-009.001

ISOPROPANOL 99%

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be whether originating with the company or not. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances.

Last page

Ashland

BLEND 3078 C

Page 001

Date Prepared: 10/31/01 Date Printed: 01/08/02 MSDS No: 301.0293236-004.004

CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Material Identity Product Name: BLEND 3078 C SAP Material No: 2704704 415 00A General or Generic ID: SOLVENT BLEND

Company

Ashland Ashland Distribution Co. & Ashland Specialty Chemical Co. P. O. Box 2219 Columbus, OH 43216 614-790-3333 Emergency Telephone Number: 1-800-ASHLAND (1-800-274-5263) 24 hours everyday 5

Simber: Regulatory Information 1-800-325-3751

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient(s)	CAS Number	% (by volume)
ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBONS (STODDARD TYPE) AROMATIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES ALIPHATIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES ISOPROPANOL ACETONE 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE XYLENE	8052-41-3 64742-95-6 64742-89-8 67-63-0 67-64-1 95-63-6 108-67-8 1330-20-7	28.0- 32.0 18.0- 22.0 18.0- 22.0 13.0- 17.0 13.0- 17.0 4.0- 4.0 1.0- 3.8 1.4- 1.4

HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION 3.

Potential Health Effects

Can cause eye irritation. Symptoms include stinging, tearing, redness, and swelling of eyes.

Can cause skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry the skin. Symptoms may include redness, burning, and drying and cracking of skin, burns and other skin damage. Passage of this material into the body through the skin is possible, but it is unlikely that this would result in harmful effects during safe handling and use.

Swallowing

Swallowing small amounts of this material during normal handling is not likely to cause harmful effects. Swallowing large amounts may be harmful. This material can get into the lungs during swallowing or vomiting. This results in lung inflammation and other lung injury.

Inhalation

Breathing of vapor or mist is possible. Breathing small amounts of this material during normal handling is not likely to cause harmful effects. Breathing large amounts may be harmful. Symptoms usually occur at air concentrations higher than the recommended exposure limits (See Section 8).

Ashland

Page 002
pate Prepared: 10/31/01
Date Printed: 01/08/02
MSDS No: 301.0293236-004.004

रायास्त्रम् अत्यक्षेत्रं व्यवस्थान्यः सूचनार

BLEND 3078 C

Symptoms of Exposure

Signs and symptoms of exposure to this material through breathing, swallowing, and/or passage of the material through the skin may include: mouth and throat irritation (soreness, dry or scratchy feeling, cough), stomach or intestinal upset (nausea, vomiting, diarrhea), irritation (nose, throat, airways), cough, central nervous system depression (dizziness, drowsiness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, unconsciousness) and other central nervous system effects, temporary changes in mood and behavior, low blood pressure, mild, temporary changes in the liver; effects on heart rate, respiratory depression (slowing of the breathing rate), shortness of breath, loss of coordination, confusion, irregular heartbeat, high blood sugar, lung edema (fluid buildup in the lung tissue), kidney damage, coma.

Target Organ Effects:

Exposure to this materials (or a component) has been found to cause kidney damage in male rats. The mechanism by which this toxicity occurs is specific to the male rat and the kidney effects are not expected to occur in humans. This material (or a component) shortens the time of onset or worsens the liver and kidney damage induced by other chemicals. Prolonged intentional toluene abuse may lead to hearing loss progressing to deafness. In addition, while noise is known to cause hearing loss in humans, it has been suggested that workers exposed to organic solvents, including toluene, along with noise may suffer greater hearing loss than would be expected from exposure to noise alone. Overexposure to this material (or its components) has been suggested as a cause of the following effects in laboratory animals: mild, reversible liver effects, mild, reversible kidney effects, blood abnormalities, cardiac sensitization, cataracts, kidney damage, effects on hearing, central nervous system damage.

Developmental Information

This material (or a component) has been shown to cause birth defects in laboratory animal studies. The relevance of these findings to humans is uncertain. This material (or a component) has been shown to cause harm to the fetus in laboratory animal studies. Harm to the fetus occurs only at exposure levels that harm the pregnant animal. The relevance of these findings to humans is uncertain.

Cancer Information

Based on the available information, this material cannot be classified with regard to carcinogenicity. This material is not listed as a carcinogen by the International Agency for Research on Cancer, the National Toxicology Program, or the Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the occupation occupation of the occupation of the occupation oc

Other Health Effects No data

Primary Route(s) of Entry
Inhalation, Skin absorption, Skin contact, Eye contact, Ingestion.

FIRST AID MEASURES

Eyes

If symptoms develop, immediately move individual away from exposure and into fresh air. Flush eyes gently with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids apart; seek immediate medical attention.

Ashland

Page 004
Date Prepared: 10/31/01
Date Printed: 01/08/02
MSDS No: 301.0293236-004.004

BLEND 3078 C

Extinguishing Media regular foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical.

Fire Fighting Instructions

Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece operated in the positive pressure demand mode with appropriate turn-out gear and chemical resistant personal protective equipment. Refer to the personal protective equipment section of this MSDS.

NFPA Rating.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES (APPEARING DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P

Small Spill Purity of the Absorb liquid on vermiculite, floor absorbent or other absorbent material.

Eliminate all ignition sources (flares, flames including pilot lights, electrical sparks). Persons not wearing protective equipment should be excluded from area of spill until clean-up has been completed. Stop spill at source. Prevent from entering drains, sewers, streams or other bodies of water. Prevent from spreading. If runoff occurs, notify authorities as required. Pump or vacuum transfer spilled product to clean containers for recovery. Absorb unrecoverable product. Transfer contaminated absorbent, soil and other materials to containers for disposal. Prevent run-off to sewers, streams or other bodies of water. If run-off occurs, notify proper authorities as required, that a spill has occurred.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Containers of this material may be hazardous when emptied. Since emptied containers retain product residues (vapor, liquid, and/or solid), all hazard precautions given in the data sheet must be observed. All five-gallon pails and larger metal containers, including tank cars and tank trucks, should be grounded and/or bonded when material is transferred. Warning... Sudden release of hot organic chemical vapors or mists from process equipment operating at elevated temperature and pressure, or sudden ingress of air into vacuum equipment, may result in ignitions without the presence of obvious ignition. Sources. Published "autoignition" or "ignition" temperature values cannot be treated as safe operating temperatures in chemical processes without analysis of the actual process conditions. Any use of this product in elevated temperature processes should be thoroughly evaluated to establish and maintain safe operating conditions.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Eye Protection
Chemical splash goggles in compliance with OSHA regulations are advised;
however, OSHA regulations also permit other type safety glasses. Consult your safety representative.

Ashland

Page 003 Date Prepared: 10/31/01 Date Printed: 01/08/02 MSDS No: 301.0293236-004.004

NAME OF BUILDINGS OF A

BLEND 3078 C

Skin

Remove contaminated clothing. Plush exposed area with large amounts of water. If skin is damaged, seek immediate medical attention. If skin is not damaged and symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Launder clothing before reuse.

Swallowing Seek medical attention. If individual is drowsy or unconscious, do not give anything by mouth; place individual on the left side with the head down. Contact a physician, medical facility, or poison control center for advice about whether to induce vomiting. If possible, do not leave individual:

Inhalation

If symptoms develop, immediately move individual away from exposure and into T fresh air. Seek immediate medical attention; keep person warm and quiet: person is not breathing, begin artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen.

e to Physicians
Inhalation of high concentrations of this material, as could occur in enclosed spaces or during deliberate abuse, may be associated with cardiac arrhythmias. Sympathomimetic drugs may initiate cardiac arrhythmias in persons exposed to this material. This material is an aspiration hazard. Potential danger from aspiration must be weighed against possible oral toxicity (see Section 3 - Swallowing) when deciding whether to induce vomiting. This material (or a component) has produced hyperglycemia and ketosis following substantial ingestion. Preexisting disorders of the following organs (or organ systems) may be aggravated by exposure to this material: Skin, lung (for example, asthma-like conditions), liver, kidney, blood-forming system, auditory system, eye, Individuals with preexisting heart disorders may be more susceptible to arrhythmias (irregular heartbeats) if exposed to high concentrations of this material. Note to Physicians material.

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES 5.

Flash Point

Explosive: Dimital and I am the second of th

Autoignition Temperature No data

Hazardous Products of Combustion May form: carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide, various hydrocarbons.

Fire and Explosion Hazards Material is highly volatile and readily gives off vapors which may travel along the ground or be moved by ventilation and ignited by pilot lights, other flames, sparks, heaters, smoking, electric motors, static discharge, or other ignition sources at locations distant from material handling point. Never use welding or cutting torch on or near drum (even empty) because product (even just residue) can ignite explosively.

Ashland

Page 005

Date Prepared: 10/31/01 Date Printed: 01/08/02 MSDS No: 301.0293236-004.004

BLEND 3078 C

Skin Protection

Wear resistant gloves (consult your safety equipment supplier).. To prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact, wear impervious clothing and boots..

Respiratory Protections

If workplace exposure limit(s) of product or any component is exceeded (see exposure guidelines), a NIOSH/MSHA approved air supplied respirator is advised in absence of proper environmental control. OSHA regulations also permit other NIOSH/MSHA respirators (negative pressure type) under specified conditions (see your industrial hygienist). Engineering or administrative controls should be implemented to reduce exposure.

Engineering Controls

Provide sufficient mechanical (general and/or local exhaust) Ventilation to maintain exposure below TLV(s).

· · : · · ·

Exposure Guidelines

Component

ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBONS (STODDARD TYPE) (8052-41-3) OSHA PEL 500.000 ppm - TWA OSHA VPEL 100.000 ppm - TWA ACGIH TLV 100.000 ppm - TWA

AROMATIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES (64742-95-6) No exposure limits established

ALIPHATIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES (64742-89-8) No exposure limits established

ISOPROPANOL (67-63-0)
OSHA PEL 400.000 ppm - TWA
OSHA VPEL 400.000 ppm - TWA
OSHA VPEL 500.000 ppm - STEL
ACGIH TLV 400.000 ppm - TWA
ACGIH TLV 500.000 ppm - STEL

ACETONE (67-64-1)

OSHA PEL 1000.000 ppm - TWA
OSHA VPEL 750:000 ppm - TWA
OSHA VPEL 1000:000 ppm - STEL:
ACGIH TLV 500:000 ppm - STEL:
ACGIH TLV 750:000 ppm - STEL

1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE (95-63-6) No exposure limits established

1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE (108-67-8) No exposure limits established

XYLENE (1330-20-7)
OSHA PEL 100.000 ppm - TWA
OSHA VPEL 100.000 ppm - TWA
OSHA VPEL 150.000 ppm - STEL
ACGIH TLV 100.000 ppm - TWA
ACGIH TLV 150.000 ppm - STEL

Ashland

Page 006
Date Prepared: 10/31/01
Date Printed: 01/08/02
MSDS No: 301.0293236-004.004

1.15617

BLEND 3078 C

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point (for component) 133.0 F (56.1 C) @ 760 mmHg

Vapor Pressure (for component) 185.000 mmHg @ 68.00 F

Specific Vapor Density
> 1.000 @ AIR=1

Specific Gravity ...

Liquid Density 6.600 lbs/gal @ 77.00 F .793 kg/l @ 25.00 C

Percent Volatiles

Evaporation Rate SLOWER THAN ETHYL ETHER

Appearance No data

State LIQUID

Physical Form HOMOGENEOUS SOLUTION

Color No data

Odor No data

pH ...

Not applicable

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Hazardous Polymerization
Product will not undergo hazardous polymerization.

Hazardous Decomposition
May form: carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide, various hydrocarbons.

Chemical Stability Stable.

Ashland

Page 007 Date Prepared: 10/31/01 Date Printed: 01/08/02 MSDS No: 301.0293236-004.004

្សុស្ត្រសម្រើ ៤៣ នូក

1.000 250

BLEND 3078 C

Incompatibility Avoid contact with: acetaldehyde, acids, chlorine, ethylene oxide, isocyanates strong oxidizing agents, Do not use with aluminum equipment at temperatures above 120 degrees F..

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION 12.

No đata

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

Waste Management Information Dispose of in accordance with all applicable local, state and federal regulations. For assistance with your waste management needs - including disposal, recycling and waste stream reduction, contact Ashland Distribution Company, IC&S Environmental Services Group at 800-637-7922.

TRANSPORT INFORMATION 14.

DOT Information - 49 CFR 172.101 DOT Description:
PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, 3, UN1263, II

Container/Mode: 55 GAL DRUM/TRUCK PACKAGE

NOS Component:

RQ (Reportable Quantity) - 49 CFR 172.101 Product Quantity (lbs) Component

33382

KYLENES (O-, M-, P- ISOMERS) ACETONE

Other Transportation Information The DOT Transport Information may vary with the container and mode of shipment.

REGULATORY INFORMATION 15.

US Federal Regulations
TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) Status TSCA (UNITED STATES) The intentional ingredients of this product are listed.

Ashland

Date Prepared: 10/31/01 Date Printed: 01/08/02 MSDS No: 301.0293236-004.004

BLEND 3078 C

CERCLA RQ - 40 CFR 302.4(a) RQ (1bs) Component 5000 XYLENES (O-, M-, P- ISOMERS) 1000

CERCLA RQ - 40 CFR 302.4(b)
Materials without a "listed" RQ may be reportable as an "unlisted hazardous substance". See 40 CFR 302.5 (b).

SARA 302 Components - 40 CFR 355 Appendix A

None:
Section: 311/312 Hazard Class: 40 CFR 3.70-202 million (r. L.m. Armediate(X) Delayed(X) fire(X) Reactive(). Sudden Release of . Pressure()

SARA 313 Components - 40 CFR 372.65 Section 313 Component(s)

CAS Number 1,2,4-TRINETHYLBENZENE 95-69-6 4.00 XYLENE (MIXED ISOMERS) 1330-20-7 I.40

OSHA Process Safety Management 29 CFR 1910 None listed

EPA Accidental Release Prevention 40 CFR 68 None listed

International Regulations Inventory Status Not determined

State and Local Regulations California Proposition 65

The following statement is made in order to comply with the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1985: This product contains the following substance(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer. BENZENE

The following statement is made in order to comply with the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986: This product contains the following substance(s) known to the state of California to cause reproductive harm. TOLUENE BENZENE

New Jersey RTK Label Information STODDARD SOLVENT

8052-41-3 NAPHTHA, SOLVENT ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL 54742-89-8 67-63-0 ACETONE 67-64-1 PSEUDOCUMENE 95-63-6 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE 108-67-8 KYLENES 1330-20-7

Ashland

BLEND 3078 C

Page 009
Date Prepared: 10/31/01
Date Printed: 01/08/02
MSDS No: 301.0293236-004.004

Pennsylvania RTK Label Information

STODDARD SOLVENT 2-PROPANOL 2-PROPANONE PSEUDOCUMENE BENZENE, DIMETHYL- 8052-41-3 67-63-0 67-64-1 95-63-6 1330-20-7

OTHER INFORMATION 16.

The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be whether originating with the company or not. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances.

Last page

Ashland

Page 001
Date Prepared: 08/03/99
Date Printed: 01/08/01
MSDS No: 301-0293236-004.002

BLEND 3078 C

CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Material Identity Product Name: BLEND 3078 C Product Code: 2704704

Product Code: 2704704 General or Generic ID: SOLVENT BLEND

Company

Ashland Ashland Distribution Co. & Ashland Distribution Co. & Ashland Specialty Chemical Co. F. O. Box 2219 Columbus, OH 43216 614-790-3333

Emergency Telephone Number: 1-800-ASHLAND (1-800-274-5263) 24 hours everyday

Regulatory Information Number: 1-800-325-3751

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient(s)	CAS Number	<pre>t (by volume)</pre>
ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBONS (STODDARD TYPE) AROMATIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES ALIPHATIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES ISOPROPANOL ACETONE 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE XYLENE	8052-41-3 64742-95-6 64742-89-8 67-63-0 67-64-1 95-63-6 108-67-8 1330-20-7	28.0- 32.0 18.0- 22.0 18.0- 22.0 13.0- 17.0 13.0- 17.0 4.0- 4.0 1.0- 3.8 1.4- 1.4

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Potential Health Effects

Eye Can cause eye irritation. Symptoms include stinging, tearing, redness, and swelling of eyes.

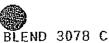
Can cause skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry the skin. Symptoms may include redness, burning, and drying and cracking of skin, burns and other skin damage. Passage of this material into the body through the skin is possible, but it is unlikely that this would result in harmful effects during safe handling and use.

Swallowing small amounts of this material during normal handling is not likely to cause harmful effects. Swallowing large amounts may be harmful. This material can get into the lungs during swallowing or vomiting. This results in lung inflammation and other lung injury.

Inhalation

Breathing of vapor or mist is possible. Breathing small amounts of this material during normal handling is not likely to cause harmful effects. Breathing large amounts may be harmful. Symptoms usually occur at air concentrations higher than the recommended exposure limits (See Section 8).

Ashland



Page 002 Date Prepared: 08/03/99 Date Printed: 01/08/01 MSDS No: 301.0293236-004.002

Symptoms of Exposure
Signs and symptoms of exposure to this material through breathing, swallowing, and/or passage of the material through the skin may include: mouth and throat irritation (soreness, dry or scratchy feeling, cough), stomach or intestinal upset (nausea, vomiting, diarrhea), irritation (nose, throat, airways), cough, central nervous system depression (dizziness, drowsiness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, unconsciousness) and other central nervous system effects, temporary changes in mood and behavior, low blood pressure, mild, temporary changes in the liver, effects on heart rate, respiratory depression (slowing of the breathing rate), shortness of breath, loss of coordination, confusion, irregular heartbeat, high blood sugar, lung edema (fluid buildup in the lung tissue), kidney damage, coma.

Target Organ Effects

Exposure to this material (or a component) has been found to cause kidney damage in male rats. The mechanism by which this toxicity occurs is specific to the male rat and the kidney effects are not expected to occur in humans. This material (or a component) shortens the time of onset or worsens the liver and kidney damage induced by other chemicals. Prolonged intentional toluene abuse may lead to hearing loss progressing to deafness. In addition, while noise is known to cause hearing loss in humans, it has been suggested that workers exposed to organic solvents, including toluene, along with noise may suffer greater hearing loss than would be expected from exposure to noise alone. Overexposure to this material (or its components) has been suggested as a cause of the following effects in laboratory animals: mild, reversible liver effects, mild, reversible kidney effects, blood abnormalities, cardiac sensitization, cataracts, kidney damage, effects on hearing, central nervous system damage.

relopmental Information
This material (or a component) has been shown to cause birth defects in laboratory animal studies. The relevance of these findings to humans is uncertain. This material (or a component) has been shown to cause harm to the fetus in laboratory animal studies. Harm to the fetus occurs only at exposure levels that harm the pregnant animal. The relevance of these findings to humans is uncertain.

Cancer Information

Based on the available information, this material cannot be classified with regard to carcinogenicity. This material is not listed as a carcinogen by the International Agency for Research on Cancer, the National Toxicology Program, or the Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

Other Health Effects
No data

Primary Route(s) of Entry Inhalation, Skin absorption, Skin contact, Eye contact, Ingestion.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eyes

If symptoms develop, immediately move individual away from exposure and into fresh air. Flush eyes gently with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids apart; seek immediate medical attention.

Ashland

Page 003 Date Prepared: 08/03/99 Date Printed: 01/08/01 MSDS No: 301.0293236-004.002

BLEND 3078 C

Skin

Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with large amounts of water.

If skin is damaged, seek immediate medical attention. If skin is not damaged and symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Launder clothing before reuse.

Swallowing
Seek medical attention. If individual is drowsy or unconscious, do not give
anything by mouth; place individual on the left side with the head downcontact a physician, medical facility, or poison control center for advice
about whether to induce vomiting. If possible, do not leave individual
unattended.

Inhalation
If symptoms develop, immediately move individual away from exposure and into fresh air. Seek immediate medical attention; keep person warm and quiet. If person is not breathing, begin artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen.

Note to Physicians
Inhalation of high concentrations of this material, as could occur in enclosed spaces or during deliberate abuse, may be associated with cardiac arrhythmias. Sympathomimetic drugs may initiate cardiac arrhythmias in persons exposed to this material. This material is an aspiration hazard. Potential danger from aspiration must be weighed against possible oral toxicity (See Section 3 - Swallowing) when deciding whether to induce vomiting. This material (or a component) has produced hyperglycemia and ketosis following substantial component) has produced hyperglycemia and ketosis following substantial ingestion. Preexisting disorders of the following organs (or organ systems) may be aggravated by exposure to this material: skin, lung (for example, asthma-like conditions), liver, kidney, auditory system, eye, Individuals with preexisting heart disorders may be more susceptible to arrhythmias (irregular heartbeats) if exposed to high concentrations of this material.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point c -1.0 F (-18.3 C) TCC

Explosive Limit
(for component) Lower .9

Autoignition Temperature

Hazardous Products of Combustion
May form: carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide, various hydrocarbons.

Fire and Explosion Hazards

Material is highly volatile and readily gives off vapors which may travel along the ground or be moved by ventilation and ignited by pilot lights, other flames, sparks, heaters, smoking, electric motors, static discharge, or other ignition sources at locations distant from material handling point. Never use welding or cutting torch on or near drum (even empty) because product (even just residue) can ignite explosively.

Ashland



Page 004
Date Prepared: 08/03/99
Date Printed: 01/08/01
MSDS No: 301.0293236-004.002

Extinguishing Media regular foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical.

Fire Fighting Instructions
Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece operated in the positive pressure demand mode with appropriate turn-out gear and chemical resistant personal protective equipment. Refer to the personal protective equipment section of this MSDS.

NFPA Rating Not determined

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Small Spill
Absorb liquid on vermiculite, floor absorbent or other absorbent material.

Large Spill

Eliminate all ignition sources (flares, flames including pilot lights, electrical sparks). Persons not wearing protective equipment should be excluded from area of spill until clean-up has been completed. Stop spill at source. Prevent from entering drains, sewers, streams or other bodies of water. Prevent from spreading. If runoff occurs, notify authorities as required. Pump or vacuum transfer spilled product to clean containers for recovery. Absorb unrecoverable product. Transfer contaminated absorbent, soil and other materials to containers for disposal. Prevent run-off to sewers, streams or other bodies of water. If run-off occurs, notify proper authorities as required, that a spill has occurred.

HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Containers of this material may be hazardous when emptied. Since emptied containers retain product residues (vapor, liquid, and/or solid), all hazard precautions given in the data sheet must be observed. All five-gallon pails and larger metal containers, including tank cars and tank trucks, should be grounded and/or bonded when material is transferred. Warning. Sudden release of hot organic chemical vapors or mists from process equipment operating at elevated temperature and pressure, or sudden ingress of air:into vacuum equipment, may result in ignitions without the presence of obvious ignition sources. Published "autoignition" or "ignition" temperature values cannot be treated as safe operating temperatures in chemical processes without analysis of the actual process conditions. Any use of this product in elevated temperature processes should be thoroughly evaluated to establish and maintain safe operating conditions.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Eye Protection
Chemical splash goggles in compliance with OSHA regulations are advised;
however, OSHA regulations also permit other type safety glasses. Consult your safety representative.



Ashland

Page 005 Date Prepared: 08/03/99 Date Printed: 01/08/01 MSDS No: 301.0293236-004.002

BLEND 3078 C

Skin Protection
Wear resistant gloves (consult your safety equipment supplier)., To prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact, wear impervious clothing and boots..

Respiratory Protections

If workplace exposure limit(s) of product or any component is exceeded (see exposure guidelines), a NIOSH/MSHA approved air supplied respirator is advised in absence of proper environmental control. OSHA regulations also permit other NIOSH/MSHA respirators (negative pressure type) under specified conditions (see your industrial hygienist). Engineering or administrative controls should be implemented to reduce exposure.

Engineering Controls
Provide sufficient mechanical (general and/or local exhaust) ventilation to maintain exposure below TLV(s).

Exposure Guidelines Component

ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBONS (STODDARD TYPE) (8052-41-3)
OSHA PEL 500.000 ppm - TWA
OSHA VPEL 100.000 ppm - TWA
ACGIH TLV 100.000 ppm - TWA

AROMATIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES (64742-95-6) No exposure limits established

ALIPHATIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES (64742-89-8) No exposure limits established

ISOPROPANOL (67-63-0)
OSHA PEL 400.000 ppm - TWA
OSHA VPEL 400.000 ppm - TWA
OSHA VPEL 500.000 ppm - STEL
ACGIH TLV 400.000 ppm - TWA
ACGIH TLV 500.000 ppm - STEL

ACETONE (67-64-1)
OSHA PEL 1000.000 ppm - TWA
OSHA VPEL 750.000 ppm - TWA
OSHA VPEL 1000.000 ppm - STEL
ACGIH TLV 500.000 ppm - TWA
ACGIH TLV 750.000 ppm - STEL

1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE (95-63-6) No exposure limits established

1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE (108-67-8) No exposure limits established

XYLENE (1330-20-7)
USHA PEL 100.000 ppm - TWA
USHA VPEL 100.000 ppm - TWA
USHA VPEL 150.000 ppm - STEL
USHA VPEL 150.000 ppm - TWA
USHA TLV 100.000 ppm - TWA
USHA TLV 150.000 ppm - STEL



Ashland



Page 006
Date Prepared: 08/03/99
Date Printed: 01/08/01
MSDS No: 301.C293236-004.002

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point (for component) 133.0 F (56.1.C) @ 760 mmHg

Vapor Pressure (for component) 185.000 mmEg @ 68.00 F

Specific Vapor Density
> 1.000 @ AIR=1

Specific Gravity .793 @ 77.00 F

Liquid Density 6.600 lbs/gal @ 77.00 F .793 kg/l @ 25.00 C

Percent Volatiles

Evaporation Rate SLOWER THAN ETHYL ETHER

Appearance No data

LIQUID

Physical Form.
HOMOGENEOUS SOLUTION

Color No data

Odor No data

pH Not applicable

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Hazardous Polymerization Product will not undergo hazardous polymerization.

Hazardous Decomposition
Nay form: carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide, various hydrocarbons.

Chemical Stability Stable.

Ashland

Page 007 Date Prepared: 08/03/99
Date Printed: 01/08/01 MSDS No: 301.0293236-004.002

BLEND 3078 C

Incompatibility Avoid contact with: acetaldehyde, acids, chlorine, ethylene oxide, isocyanates strong oxidizing agents, Do not use with aluminum equipment at temperatures above 120 degrees F..

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

Waste Management Information Dispose of in accordance with all applicable local, state and federal regulations. For assistance with your waste management needs — including disposal, recycling and waste stream reduction, contact Ashland Distribution Company, ICES Environmental Services Group at 800-637-7922.

TRANSPORT INFORMATION 14.

DOT Information - 49 CFR 172.101 DOT Description: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, 3, UN1263, II

Container/Mode: 55 GAL DRUM/TRUCK PACKAGE

NOS Component: None

RQ (Reportable Quantity) - 49 CFR 172.101 Product Quantity (lbs) Component

11302 33382

XYLENES (O-, M-, P- ISOMERS) ACETONE

REGULATORY INFORMATION 15.

US Federal Regulations
TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) Status
TSCA (UNITED STATES) The intentional ingredients of this product are listed.

Ashland BLEND 3078 C

Page 008 Date Prepared: 08/03/99
Date Printed: 01/08/01
MSDS No: 301.0293236-004.002

CERCLA RQ - 40 CFR 302.4(a) Component

. RQ (lbs)

ACETONE

5000

XYLENES (O-, M-, P- ISOMERS)

1000

CERCLA RQ - 40 CFR 302.4(b)
Materials without a "listed" RQ may be reportable as an "unlisted hazardous substance". See 40 CFR 302.5(b).

SARA 302 Components - 40 CFR 355 Appendix A

Section 311/312 Hazard Class - 40 CFR 370.2 Immediate(X) Delayed(X) Fire(X) Reactive() Sudden Release of Pressure()

SARA 313 Components - 40 CFR 372.65

Section 313 Component(s)

CAS Number 🕏

1,2,4-TRINETHYLBENZENE XYLENE (MIXED ISONERS)

95-63-6 4.00 1330-20-7

OSHA Process Safety Management 29 CFR 1910 None listed

EPA Accidental Release Prevention 40 CFR 68 None listed

ternational Regulations Inventory Status Not determined

State and Local Regulations California Proposition 65

The following statement is made in order to comply with the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986: This product contains the following substance(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer.

The following statement is made in order to comply with the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986: This product contains the following substance(s) known to the state of California to cause reproductive harm. TOLUENE BENZENE

New Jersey RTK Label Information STODDARD SOLVENT

NAPHTHA, SOLVENT ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL ACETONE PSEUDOCUMENE 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE XYLENES

8052-41-3 64742-89-B 67-63-0 67-64-1 95-63-6 108-67-8

1330-20-7

Ashland

Page 009 Date Prepared: 08/03/99 Date Printed: 01/08/01 MSDS No: 301.0293236-004.002

BLEND 3078 C

Pennsylvania RTK Label Information
STODDARD SOLVENT
2-PROPANOL
57-63-0
57-64-1
PSEUDOCUNENE
BENZENE, DIMETHYLSOLVENT
67-63-0
67-64-1
95-63-6
1330-20-7

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be whether originating with the company or not. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances.

Last page